

Radioisotopes of significance to environmental radioactivity



Polonium (Po)

Element classification: Chalcogen No. of isotopes: 40 (all radioactive) Typical elemental concentrations:

Soil (avg. dry): 37 Bq/g

Vegetables: 15—333 mBq/kg



Behaviour in the Environment

- Similar bio-geochemically to Selenium
- Low boiling point (962 °C @ 1 atm)
- Accumulates in plant leaves (e.g. tobacco)
- High concentrations in filtering seafood
- Distributes mainly throughout muscle and soft tissues
- Binds to smaller particles

Polonium

radioecology

Key sources

- Artificial production: Production in reactors by activation of Bi (absorption of neutrons by the Bi nucleus)
- ◆ Natural sources: Daughter of ²²²Rn accumulates mainly in plants and seafood. Surface soils can present higher activities due to radon disintegration in to the atmosphere



Why is it of interest?

- It's a natural radionuclide, present in several NORM industries
- Present high concentrations in tobacco, moss and seafood (e.g. shrimps, mussels...)
- ◆ Used as a poison (e.g. <u>Alexander Litvinenko</u>)
- ♦ Daughter of radon

For more information ...

IRSN ²¹⁰Po factsheet

Nuclear safety Po factsheet